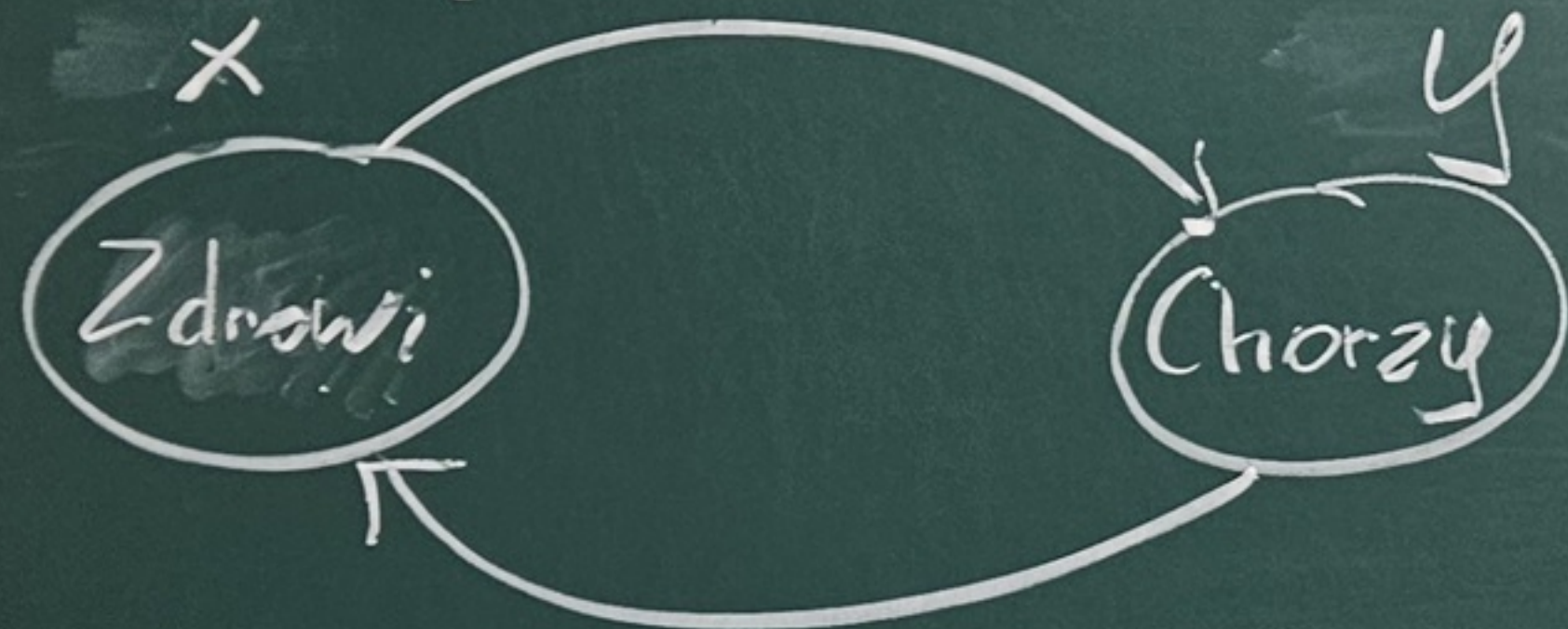


$$\frac{a[x^{(1)}]^2 + b x^{(1)} x^{(2)} + c[x^{(2)}]^2}{x^T A x} \quad A = \begin{bmatrix} a & \frac{b}{2} \\ \frac{b}{2} & c \end{bmatrix}$$

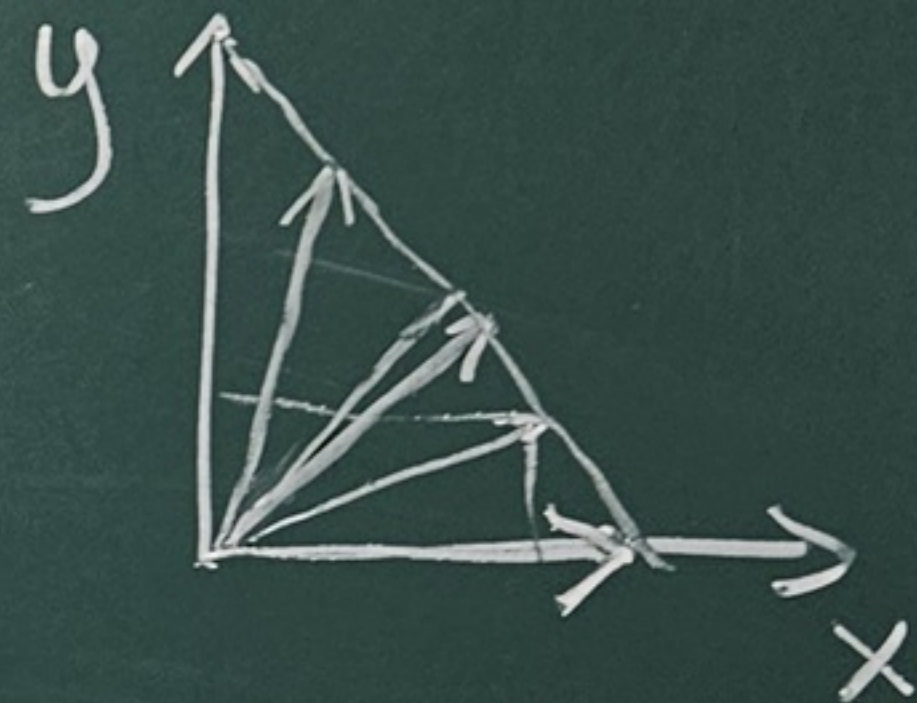
$$x_{i+1} = A x_i$$



$$p = 0.2$$



$$x + y = \text{const}$$



$$\begin{bmatrix} x_{i+1} \\ y_{i+1} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1-p \\ q \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_i \\ y_i \end{bmatrix}$$

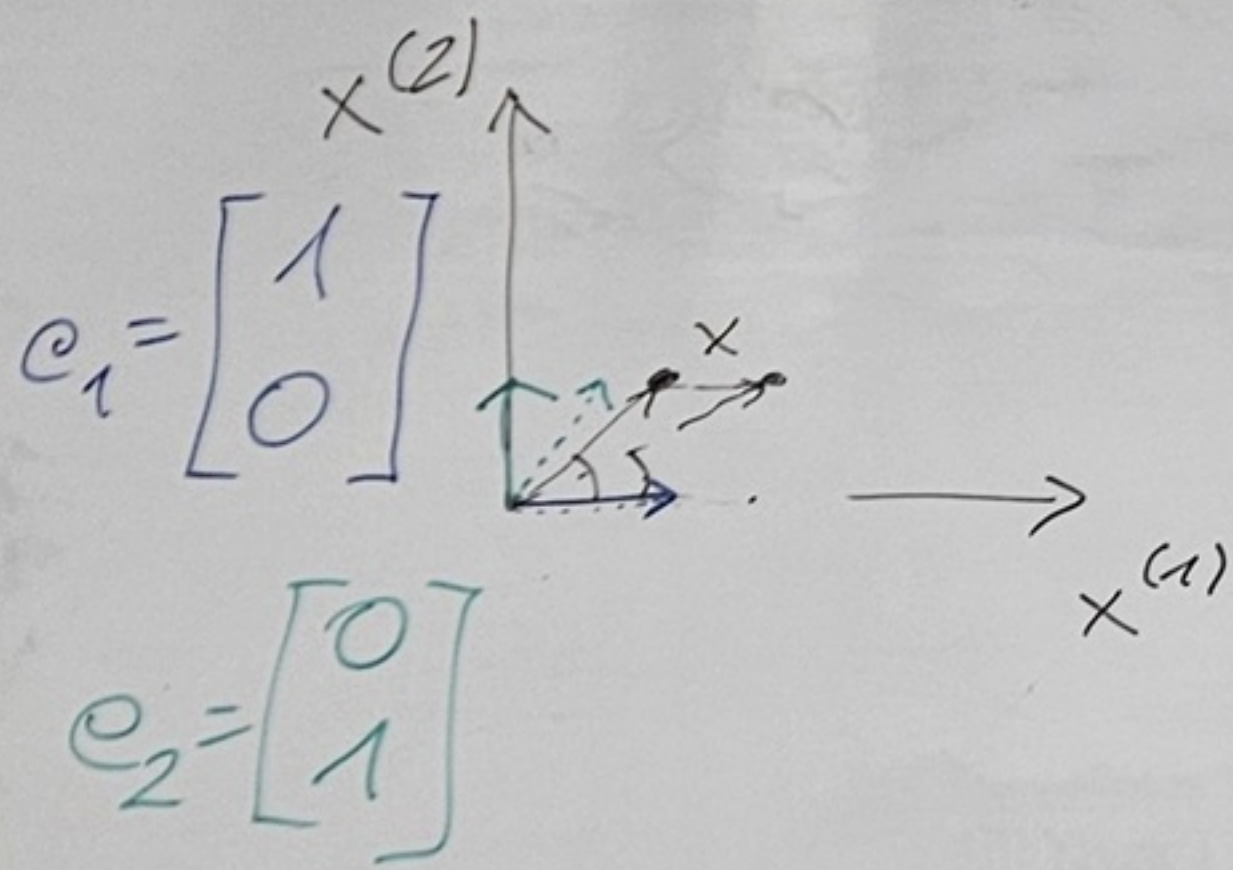
$$x_{i+1} = 0.8x_i + 0.1y_i$$

$$y_{i+1} = x_i + y_i$$

$$x_0 \quad Ax_0 \quad A^2x_0 \quad x_i = \begin{bmatrix} x_i \\ y_i \end{bmatrix}$$

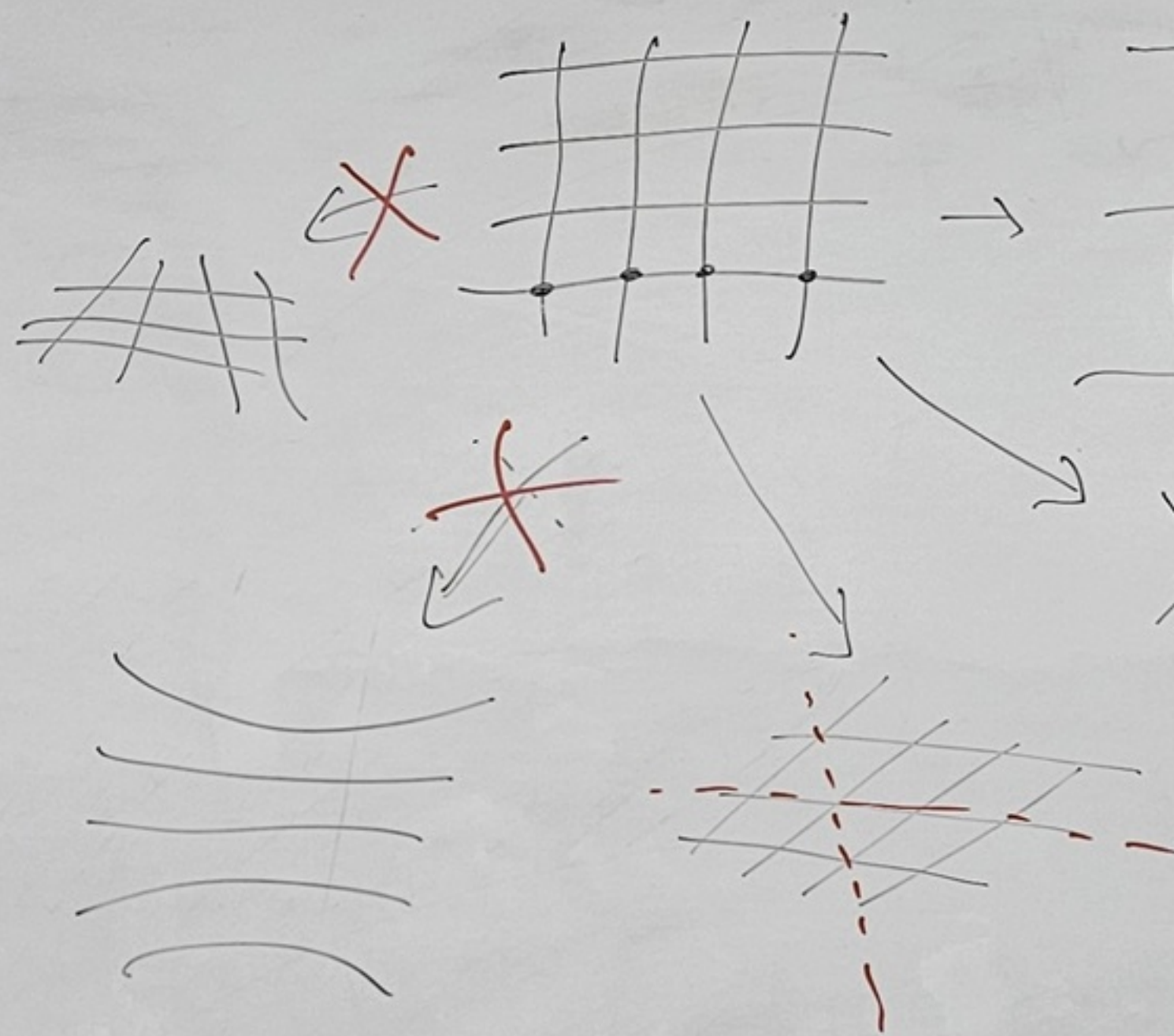
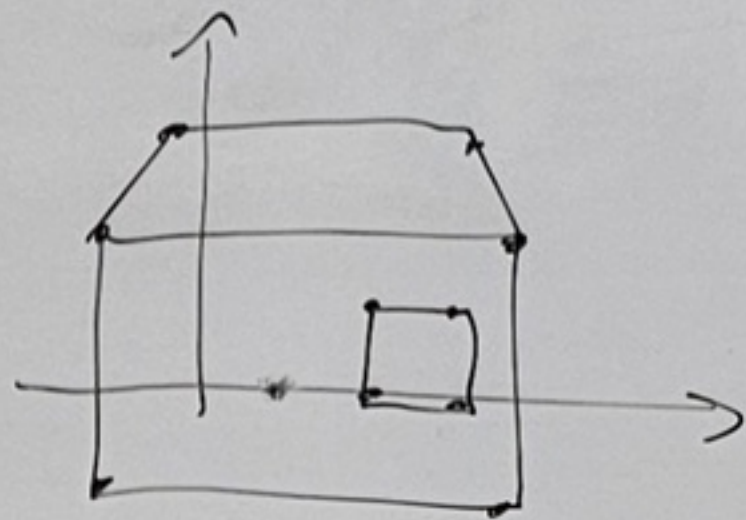
$$x_{i+1} = Ax_i$$

$$\bar{x} = A\bar{x}$$



$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \rightsquigarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \rightsquigarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1/2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1/2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

numpy.linalg.eig

$$y = Ax$$

$$A = V \Lambda V^T$$

$$\lambda x = Ax$$

$$\lambda v = Av$$

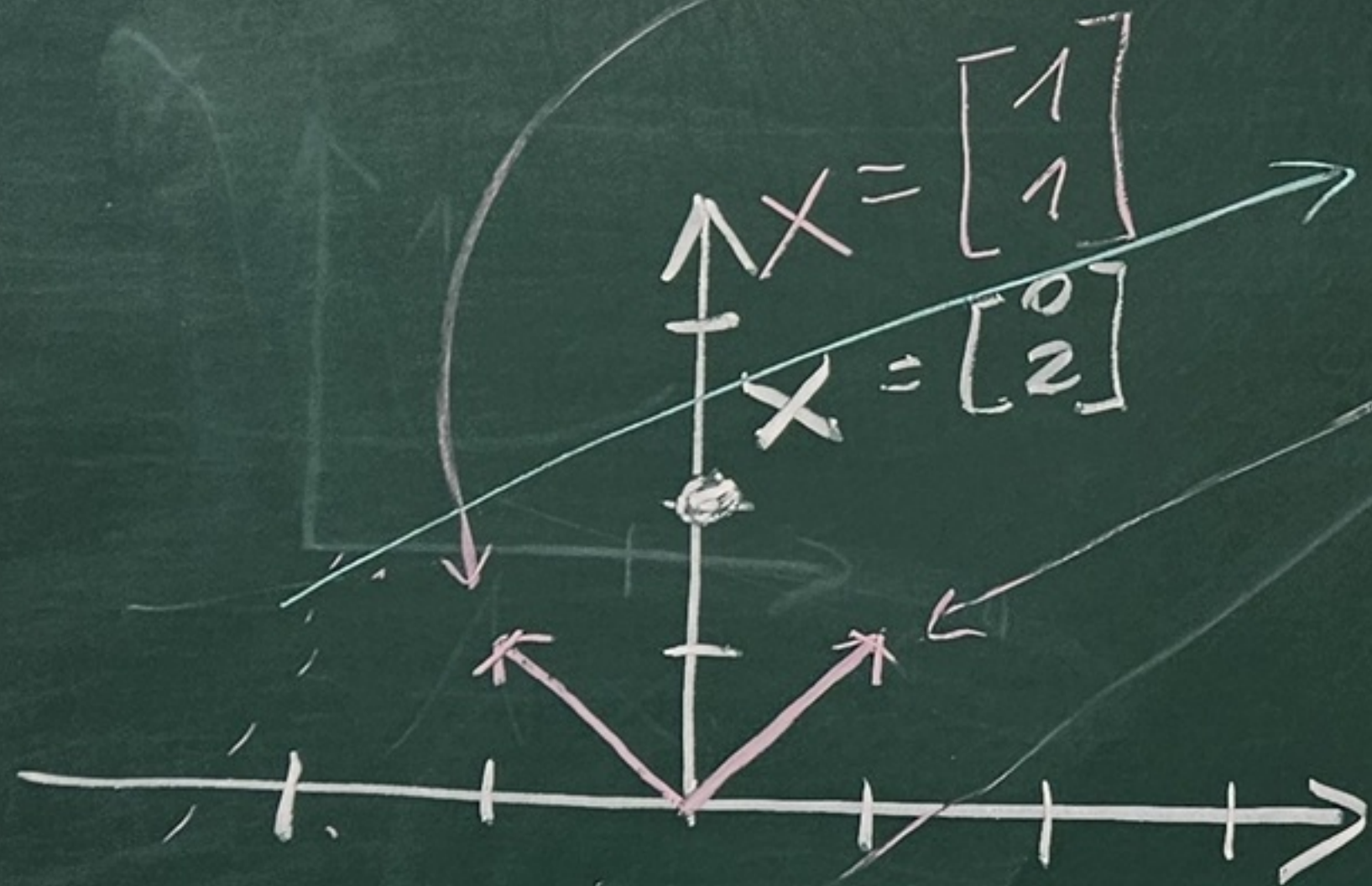
$$\begin{bmatrix} \lambda_1 & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$V^T V = I$$

$$(\lambda_1, v_1)$$

$$(\lambda_2, v_2)$$

$$V = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

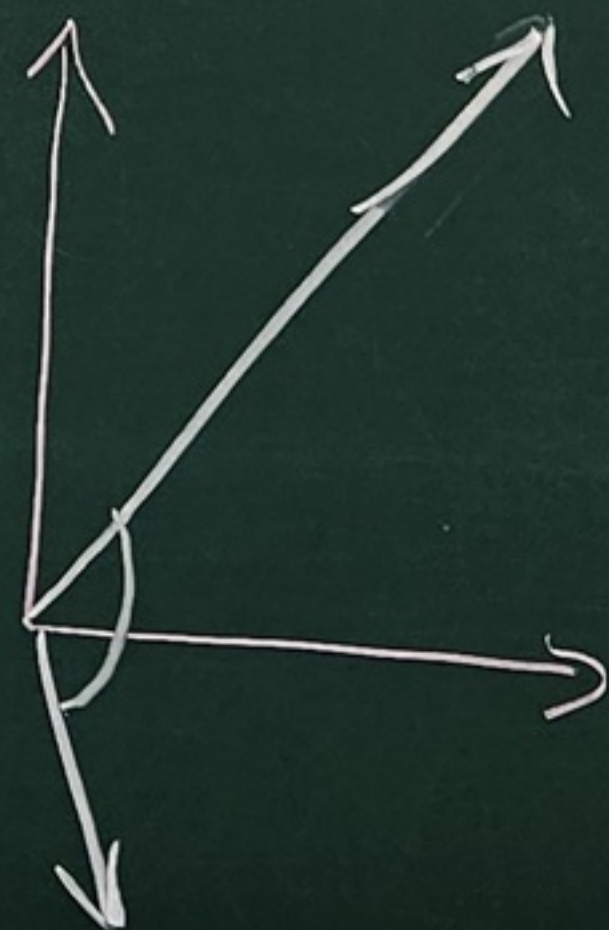
$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} = A \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$x = Ax / A^{-1}$$

$$A^{-1}x = \underbrace{A^{-1}A}_{I} x$$

$$x = A^{-1}Ax$$





$$= \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

A

$$\begin{bmatrix} x^{(1)} \\ x^{(2)} \end{bmatrix}$$



$$x = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$